# Panadol Cold+Flu All in One - Tablets

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

Description

Each tablet of Panadol Cold+flu All in One contains: Paracetamol 250 mg Phenylephrine Hydrochloride 5 mg

Gualfenesin 100 mg

Exception:
Ladrose, Microcrystalline Cellulose, Maize Starch Pregelatinised, Purified Talc, Maize Starch, Stearic Acid, Colloidal Anhydrous Silica, Povidone, Pottasium Sorballe, Water Purified, Opady II OY-LS-28913 White

Panadol Cold+flu All in One tablets are indicated for the short term symptomatic relief of colds, chills and influenza including chesty coughs.

### Dosage

Adults and children 12 years and over: Take 2 tablets. Repeat every 4 hours as necessary

Do not take more than 8 tablets in 24 hours.

Not to be given to children under 12 years except on medical advice

- If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.
- Do not exceed the stated dose. Minimum dosing interval: 4 hours
- Should not be used with other paracetamol-containing products, decongestants, or cough and cold medicines.

### Contraindications

- ins prouse is contransaction in prevents.
  With known hyperstensibility to Paracetanid, Guarlensein, Phenylephrine, or any of the excipients.
  With hyperstensibility to Paracetanid, Guarlensein, Phenylephrine, but diseases or those taking tricyclic antidepressants, monoarnine oxidase inhibitors or beta-blocking drugs.
  This medication should not be used for the enterment of cough and cold symptoms on children under 6 years of age.

### Warnings and Precautions

- ion, Cardiovascular disease, Diabetes, Hyperthyroidism, Angle closure glaucoma, Phaeochromocytoma, Enlargement of the Medical advice should be sought before taking this product in patients with Hypertension, Cardiovascular disease product in patients gland, bookusive vascular disease (e.g. Reynaud's Phenomenon) and Liver and kidney imp
- This product should not be used by patients taking other sympathoniminetics (such as decongestants, appetite suppressants and amphetamine-like psychostimulants). Contains lactose, Patients with rare hereditary problems of galactose intolerance, the Lapp lactose deficiency or glucose-galactose malabsoption should not take this medicine.
- If symptoms persist, consult a doctor
- . Keep out of sight and reach from Children

### **Use in Pregnancy and Lactation**

Pregnancy This product should not be used during pregnancy without medical advice. The safety of Gualfenesin during pregnancy has not been established.

This product should not be used whilst breast feeding without medical advice. Phenylephrine may be excreted in breast milk.

**Paracetamol** Adverse events from historical clinical trial data are both infrequent and from small patient exposure. The frequency of these reactions is unknown but considered likely to be very rare (<1/10,000). Thrombocytogaenia, Anaphylaxis, Cutaneous Hypersensitivity reactions including skin rashes, angiodema, and Stevens Johnson syndrome, Bronchospasm in patients sensitive to Aspirin and other NSAIDs, Hepatic dysfunction

The following adverse events have been observed in clinical trials with phenylephrine and may therefore represent the most commonly occurring adverse events. The frequency of these reactions is unknown but considered likely to be rare (≥1/10,000, <1/1000). Newtoncians, Madache, Dizziness, Insomnia, Increased blood pressure, Nausea, Vomiting, Mydriasis, Acute Angle Closure Glaucoma (most likely to occur in those with closed angle glaucoma), Tachycardia,

## Paloitations, Alleroic reactions (e.g. rash, urticaria, allergic dermatitis), Dysuria, Urinary Retention (this is most likely to occur in those with bladder outlet obstruction such as prostatic hypertrophy).

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### **Drug Interaction**

- The anticoagulant effect of Warfarin and other Coumarins may be enhanced by prolonged regular daily use of Paracetamol with increased risk of bleeding; occasional doses have no significant effect.
- used with caution in combination with the following drugs as interactions have been reported

Monoamine oxidase inhibitors:	Hypertensive interactions occur between sympathomimetic amines such as phenylephrine and monoamine oxidase.
Sympathomimetic amines:	Concomitant use of phenylephrine with other sympathomimetic amines can increase the risk of cardiovascular side effects.
Beta-blockers, and other antihypertensives:	Phenylephrine may reduce the efficacy of beta-blocking drugs and antihypertensive drugs. The risk of hypertension and other cardiovascular side effects may be increased.
Tricyclic antidepressants:	May increase the risk of cardiovascular side effects with Phenylephrine.
Digoxin and cardiac glycusides:	increase the risk of Irregular neartbeat or heart attack.

### . No significant interactions with other drugs have been noted for Guaifenesin.

### Overdose

### **Paracetamol**

Symptoms and signs: overdose may cause liver failure.

Treatment: Immediate medical management is required in the event of overdose, even if symptoms of overdose are not present. Administration of N-acetylcysteine or methionine may be required.

Symptoms and signs: Phenylephrine over dosage is likely to result in effects similar to those listed under adverse reactions. Additional symptoms may include irritability, restlessness, hypertension and possibly reflex brachycardia. In severe cases confusion, hallucinations, seizures and arrhythmias may occur Treatment: Should be as clinically appropriate. Severe hypertension may need to be treated with an alpha blocking drug such as phentolamine.

Symptom and Signs: Very large doses of Guaifenesin cause nausea and vomiting.

Treatment: Vomiting would be treated by fluid replacement and monitoring of electrolytes if indicated.

### **Pharmaceutical Storage**

Store below 30° C.

### THIS IS A MEDICAMENT

- Medicament is a product which affects your health, and its consumption contrary to instructions is dangerous for you.
- · Follow strictly the doctors' prescription, the method of use and the instructions of the pharmacist who sold the medicine.

- . The doctor and pharmacist are experts in the use of medicines, its benefits and risks
- . Do not by yourself interrupt the period of treatment prescribe for you.
- . Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting your doctor

KEEP MEDICAMENT OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Council of Arab Health Ministers Union of Arab Pharmacists

